# **American Academy of Innovation Wellness Policy**

American Academy of Innovation (hereto referred to as AAI) is committed to the optimal development of every student. AAI believes that for students to have the opportunity to achieve personal, academic, developmental and social success, we need to create positive, safe and health-promoting learning environments at every level, in every setting, throughout the school year.

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Research shows that two components, good nutrition and physical activity before, during and after the school day, are strongly correlated with positive student outcomes. For example, student participation in the U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) School Breakfast Program is associated with higher grades and standardized test scores, lower absenteeism and better performance on cognitive tasks. 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 Conversely, less-than-adequate consumption of specific foods including fruits, vegetables and dairy products, is associated with lower grades among students. 8,9,10 In addition, students who are physically active through active transport to and from school, recess, physical activity breaks, high-quality physical education and extracurricular activities – do better academically. 11,12,13,14. Finally, there is evidence that adequate hydration is associated with better cognitive performance. 15,16,17

This policy outlines AAI's approach to ensuring environments and opportunities for all students to practice healthy eating and physical activity behaviors throughout the school day while minimizing commercial distractions. Specifically, this policy establishes goals and procedures to ensure that:

- Students at AAI have access to healthy foods throughout the school day—both through
  reimbursable school meals and other foods available throughout the school campus—in
  accordance with Federal and state nutrition standards;
- Students receive quality nutrition education that helps them develop lifelong healthy eating behaviors;
- Students have opportunities to be physically active before, during and after school;
- Schools engage in nutrition and physical activity promotion and other activities that promote student wellness;
- School staff are encouraged and supported to practice healthy nutrition and physical activity behaviors in and out of school;
- The community is engaged in supporting the work of AAI in creating continuity between school and other settings for students and staff to practice lifelong healthy habits; and
- AAI establishes and maintains an infrastructure for management, oversight, implementation, communication about and monitoring of the policy and its established goals and objectives.



This policy applies to all students, staff and schools in AAI. Specific measurable goals and outcomes are identified within each section below.

### **School Wellness Committee**

**Committee Role and Membership.** AAI will convene a representative AAI Wellness Committee (hereto referred to as the "Wellness Committee") that meets at least *four* times per year to establish goals for and oversee school health and safety policies and programs, including development, implementation and periodic review and update of this AAI-level wellness policy (heretofore referred as "wellness policy").

The Wellness Committee membership will represent all school levels (grades 6 to 12) and include (to the extent possible), but not be limited to: parents and caregivers; students; representatives of the school nutrition program; physical education teachers; health education teachers; school health professionals, health services staff, and mental health and social services staff; school administrators, school board members; health professionals; and the general public. When possible, membership will also include Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Education coordinators (SNAP-EDEDSNAP-Ed).

**Leadership.** The Director or designee(s) will convene the Wellness Committee and facilitate development of and updates to the wellness policy and will ensure each school's compliance with the policy.

Name	Title	Email address	Role
Scott Jones	Director	scott.jones@aaiutah.org	Provides oversight for policy development, evaluation and implementation of the wellness policy.
Mark DaBell	Board Member	mark.dabell@aaiutah.org	Assists in policy development and evaluation of the wellness policy implementation.
David Kimball	Food Service Director	david.kimball@aaiutah.org	Assists in policy development and evaluation of the wellness policy implementation.
David Squires	Health/Physical Education Teacher	david.squires@aaiutah.org	Assists in policy development and evaluation of the wellness policy implementation.
Ellison Jones	Wellness Committee Chair	ellison.jones@aaiutah.org	Assists in policy development and evaluation of the wellness policy implementation. Oversees Staff Wellness Sub-committee.
Kristie King	Teacher Representative	Kristie.king@aaiutah.org	Assists in policy development and evaluation of the wellness policy implementation.
Student Representative	Student Body Officer	Student name redacted for privacy	Assists in policy development and evaluation of the wellness policy implementation.



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Parent Volunteers	Parent Community	lgnite@aaiutah.org	Assists in policy development and evaluation of the wellness policy implementation.
Mia Prazen	Operations Manager	mia.prazen@aaiutah.org	Assists in policy development and evaluation of the wellness policy implementation.

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# Wellness Policy Implementation, Monitoring, Accountability and Community Engagement

Implementation Plan. AAI will develop and maintain a plan for implementation to manage and coordinate the execution of this wellness policy. The plan delineates roles, responsibilities, actions and timelines specific to each school; and includes information about who will be responsible to make what change, by how much, where and when; as well as specific goals and objectives for nutrition standards for all foods and beverages available on the school campus, food and beverage marketing, nutrition promotion and education, physical activity, physical education and other school-based activities that promote student wellness. It is recommended that the school use the <a href="Healthy Schools Program online tools">Health Index</a>, create an action plan that fosters implementation and generate an annual progress report.

This wellness policy and the progress reports can be found online at aaiutah.org

**Recordkeeping.** AAI will retain records to document compliance with the requirements of the wellness policy at AAI's Administrative Offices. Documentation maintained in this location will include but will not be limited to:

- The written wellness policy;
- Documentation demonstrating that the policy has been made available to the public;
- Documentation of efforts to review and update the Local Schools Wellness Policy; including an indication of who is involved in the update and methods AAI uses to make stakeholders aware of their ability to participate on the Wellness Committee;
- Documentation to demonstrate compliance with the annual public notification requirements;
- The most recent assessment on the implementation of the local school wellness policy;
- Documentation demonstrating the most recent assessment on the implementation of the Local School Wellness Policy has been made available to the public.

**Annual Notification of Policy.** AAI will actively inform families and the public each year of basic information about this policy, including its content, any updates to the policy and implementation status. AAI will make this information available via AAI website and/or AAI-wide communications. AAI will provide as much information as possible about the school



nutrition environment. This will include a summary of AAI's events or activities related to wellness policy implementation. Annually, AAI will also publicize the name and contact information of AAI's school officials leading and coordinating the committee, as well as information on how the public can get involved with the school Wellness Committee.

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**Triennial Progress Assessments.** At least once every three years, AAI will evaluate compliance with the wellness policy to assess the implementation of the policy and include:

- The extent to which AAI is compliant with the wellness policy;
- The extent to which AAI's wellness policy compares to the Alliance for a Healthier Generation's model wellness policy; and
- A description of the progress made in attaining the goals of AAI's wellness policy.

The Wellness Committee will monitor schools' compliance with this wellness policy. AAI will actively notify households/families of the availability of the triennial progress report.

**Revisions and Updating the Policy.** The Wellness Committee will update or modify the wellness policy based on the results of the annual School Health Index and triennial assessments and/or as AAI priorities change; community needs change; wellness goals are met; new health science, information, and technology emerges; and new Federal or state guidance or standards are issued. **The wellness policy will be assessed and updated as indicated at least every three years, following the triennial assessment.** 

Community Involvement, Outreach and Communications. AAI is committed to being responsive to community input, which begins with awareness of the wellness policy. AAI will actively communicate ways in which representatives of Wellness Committee and others can participate in the development, implementation and periodic review and update of the wellness policy. AAI will also inform parents of the improvements that have been made to school meals and compliance with school meal standards, availability of child nutrition programs and how to apply, and a description of and compliance with Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards. AAI will use electronic mechanisms, such as email or displaying notices on AAI's website, as well as non-electronic mechanisms, such as newsletters, presentations to parents, or sending information home to parents, to ensure that all families are actively notified of the content of, implementation of, and updates to the wellness policy, as well as how to get involved and support the policy. AAI will ensure that communications are culturally and linguistically appropriate to the community.

AAI will actively notify the public about the content of or any updates to the wellness policy annually, at a minimum. AAI will also use these mechanisms to inform the community about the availability of the annual and triennial reports.



#### Nutrition

**School Meals.** AAI is committed to serving healthy meals to children, with plenty of fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and milk options (including milk alternatives); and to meeting the nutrition needs of school children within their calorie requirements. The school meal programs aim to improve the diet and health of school children, help mitigate childhood obesity, model healthy eating to support the development of lifelong healthy eating patterns and support healthy choices while accommodating cultural food preferences and special dietary needs.

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AAI participates in the USDA child nutrition program, the National School Lunch Program (NSLP). AAI will seek approval for the Farm-to-School program. AAI is committed to offering school meals through the NSLP that:

- Are accessible to all students;
- Are appealing and attractive to children;
- Are served in clean and pleasant settings;
- Meet or exceed current nutrition requirements established by local, state, and Federal statutes and regulations. (AAI offers reimbursable school meals that meet <u>USDA</u> <u>nutrition standards</u>.)
- Promote healthy food and beverage choices using at least ten of the following <u>Smarter</u> <u>Lunchroom techniques</u>:
  - Whole fruit options are displayed in attractive bowls or baskets (instead of chaffing dishes or hotel pans).
  - Sliced or cut fruit is available daily.
  - Daily fruit options are displayed in a location in the line of sight and reach of students.
  - All available vegetable options have been given creative or descriptive names.
  - Daily vegetable options are bundled into all grab-and-go meals available to students.
  - All staff members, especially those serving, have been trained to politely prompt students to select and consume the daily vegetable options with their meal.
  - White milk is placed in front of other beverages in all coolers.
  - Alternative entrée options (e.g., salad bar, yogurt parfaits, etc.) are highlighted on posters or signs within all service and dining areas.
  - A reimbursable meal can be created in any service area available to students (e.g., salad bars, snack rooms, etc.).
  - Student surveys and taste testing opportunities are used to inform menu development, dining space decor and promotional ideas.
  - Student artwork is displayed in the service and/or dining areas.
  - Daily announcements are used to promote and market menu options.

**Staff Qualifications and Professional Development.** All school nutrition program directors, managers and staff will meet or exceed hiring and annual continuing education/training



requirements. These school nutrition personnel will refer to *NSLP Central* to access the *Canvas Course Catalogue* to search for training that meets their learning needs.

**Water.** To promote hydration, free, safe, unflavored drinking water will be available to all students throughout the school day. AAI will make drinking water available where school meals are served during mealtimes. Students will be allowed to bring and carry (approved) water bottles filled with only water with them throughout the day.

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**Competitive Foods and Beverages.** AAI is committed to ensuring that all foods and beverages available to students on the school campus during the school day support healthy eating. The foods and beverages sold and served outside of the school meal programs (e.g., "competitive" foods and beverages) will meet the <u>USDA Smart Snacks</u> in School nutrition standards, at a minimum. Smart Snacks aim to improve student health and well-being, increase consumption of healthful foods during the school day and create an environment that reinforces the development of healthy eating habits. A summary of the standards and information, as well as a Guide to Smart Snacks in Schools are available at the USDA Sm

To support healthy food choices and improve student health and well-being, all foods and beverages outside the reimbursable school meal programs that are <u>sold</u> to students on the school campus during the school day will meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks nutrition standards. These standards will apply in all locations and through all services where foods and beverages are sold, which may include, but are not limited to, à la carte options in cafeterias, vending machines, school stores and snack or food carts.

**Celebrations and Rewards.** All foods offered on the school campus will meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition including through:

- 1. Celebrations and class parties. AAI will provide a list of healthy party ideas to parents and teachers, including non-food celebration ideas.
- 2. Rewards and incentives. AAI will provide teachers and other relevant school staff a <u>list of alternative ways to reward children</u>. Foods and beverages will not be used as a reward, or withheld as punishment for any reason, such as for performance or behavior.
- 3. Teachers may use food to teach a concept (aka, using an orange to teach math or pie on Pi day).

**Fundraising.** Foods and beverages that meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in Schools nutrition standards may be sold through fundraisers on the school campus during the school day. AAI will make available to parents and teachers a list of healthy fundraising ideas [examples from the Alliance for a Healthier Generation and the USDA].

**Nutrition Promotion.** Nutrition promotion and education positively influence lifelong eating behaviors by using evidence-based techniques and nutrition messages, and by creating food environments that encourage healthy nutrition choices and encourage participation in



school meal programs. Students and staff will receive consistent nutrition messages throughout schools, classrooms, gymnasiums, and cafeterias. Nutrition promotion also includes marketing and advertising nutritious foods and beverages to students and is most effective when implemented consistently through a comprehensive and multi-channel approach by school staff, teachers, parents, students and the community.

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AAI will promote healthy food and beverage choices for all students throughout the school campus, as well as encourage participation in school meal programs. This promotion will occur through at least:

- Implementing at least ten or more evidence-based healthy food promotion techniques through the school meal programs using *Smarter Lunchrooms*;
- Ensuring 100% of foods and beverages promoted to students meet the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards.

**Nutrition Education.** AAI will teach, model, encourage and support healthy eating to all students. Schools will provide nutrition education and engage in nutrition promotion that:

- Is designed to provide students with the knowledge and skills necessary to promote and protect their health;
- Is part of not only health education classes, but also integrated into other classroom instruction through other subjects.
- Includes enjoyable, developmentally-appropriate, culturally-relevant and participatory activities, such as cooking demonstrations or lessons, promotions, taste-testing, farm visits and school gardens;
- Promotes fruits, vegetables, whole-grain products, dairy products and healthy food preparation methods;
- Emphasizes caloric balance between food intake and energy expenditure (promotes physical activity/exercise);
- Links with school meal programs, cafeteria nutrition promotion activities, school gardens, Farm to School programs, other school foods and nutrition-related community services;
- Teaches media literacy with an emphasis on food and beverage marketing; and
- Includes nutrition education training for teachers and other staff.

#### Essential Healthy Eating Topics in Health Education

AAI will include in the health education curriculum a minimum of 12 of the following essential topics on healthy eating:

- Relationship between healthy eating and personal health and disease prevention
- Food guidance from <u>MyPlate</u>



- Reading and using FDA's nutrition fact labels
- Eating a variety of foods every day
- Balancing food intake and physical activity
- Eating more fruits, vegetables and whole grain products
- Choosing foods that are low in fat, saturated fat, and cholesterol and do not contain trans fat
- Choosing foods and beverages with little added sugars
- Eating more calcium-rich foods
- Preparing healthy meals and snacks
- Risks of unhealthy weight control practices
- Accepting body size differences
- Food safety
- Importance of water consumption
- Importance of eating breakfast
- Making healthy choices when eating at restaurants
- Eating disorders
- The Dietary Guidelines for Americans
- Reducing sugar intake
- Social influences on healthy eating, including media, family, peers and culture
- How to find valid information or services related to nutrition and dietary behavior
- How to develop a plan and track progress toward achieving a personal goal to eat healthfully
- Resisting peer pressure related to unhealthy dietary behavior
- Influencing, supporting, or advocating for others' healthy dietary behavior

#### Food and Beverage Marketing in Schools

AAI is committed to providing a school environment that ensures opportunities for all students to practice healthy eating and physical activity behaviors throughout the school day while minimizing commercial distractions. AAI strives to teach students how to make informed choices about nutrition, health and physical activity. These efforts will be weakened if students are subjected to advertising on AAI property that contains messages inconsistent with the health information AAI is imparting through nutrition education and health promotion efforts. It is the intent of AAI to protect and promote student's health by permitting advertising and marketing for only those foods and beverages that are permitted to be sold on the school campus, consistent with AAI's wellness policy.

Any foods and beverages marketed or promoted to students on the school campus **during the school day** will meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards.

Food and beverage marketing—defined as advertising and other promotions in schools—often includes an oral, written, or graphic statements made for the purpose of promoting the sale of a food or beverage product made by the producer, manufacturer, seller or any

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other entity with a commercial interest in the product. <sup>15</sup> This term includes, but is not limited to the following:

- Brand names, trademarks, logos or tags, except when placed on a physically present food or beverage product or its container.
- Displays, such as on vending machine exteriors
- Corporate brand, logo, name or trademark on school equipment, such as marquees, message boards, scoreboards or backboards (Note: immediate replacement of these items are not required; however, AAIs will replace or update scoreboards or other durable equipment when existing contracts are up for renewal or to the extent that is in financially possible over time so that items are in compliance with the marketing policy.)
- Corporate brand, logo, name or trademark on cups used for beverage dispensing, menu boards, coolers, trash cans and other food service equipment; as well as on posters, book covers, pupil assignment books or school supplies displayed, distributed, offered or sold by AAI.
- Advertisements in school publications or school mailings.
- Free product samples, taste tests or coupons of a product, or free samples displaying advertising of a product.

As AAI/school nutrition services/Athletics Department/PTO reviews existing contracts and considers new contracts, equipment and product purchasing (and replacement) decisions should reflect the applicable marketing guidelines established by AAI wellness policy.

# **Physical Activity**

Children and adolescents should participate in at least **60 minutes** of physical activity every day. A substantial percentage of students' physical activity can be provided through a comprehensive school physical activity program (CSPAP). A CSPAP reflects strong coordination and synergy across all components: quality physical education as the foundation; physical activity before, during and after school; staff involvement and family and community engagement and AAI is committed to providing these opportunities. Schools will ensure that these varied physical activity opportunities are in addition to, and not as a substitute for, physical education (addressed in "Physical Education" subsection).

Physical activity during the school day (including but not limited classroom physical activity breaks or physical education) **will not be withheld** as punishment for any reason. *This does not include participation on sports teams that have specific academic requirements*. AAI will provide teachers and other school staff with a <u>list of ideas</u> for alternative ways to discipline students.

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To the extent practicable, AAI will ensure that its grounds and facilities are safe, and that equipment is available to students to be active. AAI will conduct necessary inspections and repairs.

**Physical Education.** AAI will provide students with physical education, using an age-appropriate, sequential physical education curriculum consistent with national and state standards for physical education. The physical education curriculum will promote the benefits of a physically active lifestyle and will help students develop skills to engage in lifelong healthy habits, as well as incorporate essential health education concepts. The curriculum will support the essential components of physical education.

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All students will be provided equal opportunity to participate in physical education classes. AAI will make appropriate accommodations to allow for equitable participation for all students and will adapt physical education classes and equipment as necessary.

AAI **students** in middle and in high school are required to take a minimum of one academic year of physical education.

AAI physical education program will promote student physical fitness through individualized fitness and activity assessments (via the <u>Presidential Youth Fitness Program</u> or other appropriate assessment tool) and will use criterion-based reporting for each student.

**Essential Physical Activity Topics in Health Education**. Health education will be required in all grades. AAI will require middle and high school students to take and pass at least one health education course. AAI will include in the health education curriculum a minimum of 12 the following essential topics on physical activity:

- The physical, psychological, or social benefits of physical activity
- How physical activity can contribute to a healthy weight
- How physical activity can contribute to the academic learning process
- How an inactive lifestyle contributes to chronic disease
- Health-related fitness, that is, cardiovascular endurance, muscular endurance, muscular strength, flexibility, and body composition
- Differences between physical activity, exercise and fitness
- Phases of an exercise session, that is, warm up, workout and cool down
- Overcoming barriers to physical activity
- Decreasing sedentary activities, such as TV watching
- Opportunities for physical activity in the community
- Preventing injury during physical activity
- Weather-related safety, for example, avoiding heat stroke, hypothermia and sunburn while being physically active
- How much physical activity is enough, that is, determining frequency, intensity, time and type of physical activity
- Developing an individualized physical activity and fitness plan
- Monitoring progress toward reaching goals in an individualized physical activity plan



- Dangers of using performance-enhancing drugs, such as steroids
- Social influences on physical activity, including media, family, peers and culture
- How to find valid information or services related to physical activity and fitness
- How to influence, support, or advocate for others to engage in physical activity
- How to resist peer pressure that discourages physical activity.

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**Outdoors.** Physical Education will be offered outdoors when weather is feasible for outdoor play. Students will be allowed outside except when outdoor temperature is below 40 degrees Fahrenheit. AAI-set temperature, inclusive of wind chill factors, during "code orange" or "code red" days, during storms with lightening or thunder, or at the discretion of the building administrator based on his/her best judgment of safety conditions.

**Active Academics.** Teachers will incorporate movement and kinesthetic learning approaches into "core" subject instruction when possible and do their part to limit sedentary behavior during the school day.

AAI will support classroom teachers incorporating physical activity and employing kinesthetic learning approaches into core subjects by providing annual professional development opportunities and resources, including information on leading activities, activity options, as well as making available background material on the connections between learning and movement.

Teachers will serve as role models by being physically active alongside the students whenever feasible.

**Before and After School Activities.** AAI offers opportunities for students to participate in physical activity either before and/or after the school day (or both) through a variety of methods. AAI will encourage students to be physically active before and after school by offering intramural or interscholastic sports including, but not limited to, soccer, volleyball, basketball and ultimate frisbee.

**Active Transport**, AAI will support active transport to and from school, such as walking or biking. AAI will encourage this behavior by engaging in *six or more* of the activities below; including but not limited to:

- Designate safe or preferred routes to school
- Promote activities such as participation in International Walk to School Week, National Walk and Bike to School Week
- Secure storage facilities for bicycles and helmets (e.g., shed, cage, fenced area)
- Instruction on walking/bicycling safety provided to students
- Promote safe routes program to students, staff, and parents via newsletters, websites, local newspaper
- Use crosswalks on streets leading to schools
- Document the number of children walking and or biking to and from school



 Create and distribute maps of school environment (e.g., sidewalks, crosswalks, roads, pathways, bike racks, etc.)

#### Other Activities that Promote Student Wellness

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All efforts related to obtaining federal, state or association recognition for efforts, or grants/funding opportunities for healthy school environments will be coordinated with and complementary of the wellness policy, including but not limited to ensuring the involvement of the Wellness Committee.

All school-sponsored events will adhere to the wellness policy guidelines. All school-sponsored wellness events will include physical activity and healthy eating opportunities when appropriate.

**Community Partnerships.** AAI will develop relationships with community partners (e.g., hospitals, universities/colleges, local businesses, SNAP-Ed providers and coordinators, etc.) in support of this wellness policy's implementation. Existing and new community partnerships and sponsorships will be evaluated to ensure that they are consistent with the wellness policy and its goals.

**Community Health Promotion and Family Engagement.** AAI will promote to parents/caregivers, families, and the general community the benefits of and approaches for healthy eating and physical activity throughout the school year. Families will be informed and invited to participate in school-sponsored activities and will receive information about health promotion efforts.

As described in the "Community Involvement, Outreach, and Communications" subsection, AAI will use electronic mechanisms (e.g., email or displaying notices on AAI's website), as well as non-electronic mechanisms, (e.g., newsletters, presentations to parents or sending information home to parents), to ensure that all families are actively notified of opportunities to participate in school-sponsored activities and receive information about health promotion efforts.

**Staff Wellness and Health Promotion.** The Wellness Committee will have a staff wellness subcommittee that focuses on staff wellness issues, identifies and disseminates wellness resources and performs other functions that support staff wellness.

AAI promotes staff member participation in health promotion programs and will support programs for staff members on healthy eating/weight management that are accessible and free or low-cost. Staff Wellness opportunities include, but are not limited to, yoga, meditation and staff fitness challenges.

**Professional Learning.** When feasible, AAI will offer annual professional learning opportunities and resources for staff to increase knowledge and skills about promoting



healthy behaviors in the classroom and school (e.g., increasing the use of kinesthetic teaching approaches or incorporating nutrition lessons). Professional learning will help AAI staff understand the connections between academics and health and the ways in which health and wellness are integrated into ongoing AAI reform or academic improvement plans/efforts.

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#### mail:

U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; or

fax:

(833) 256-1665 or (202) 690-7442;

email:

program.intake@usda.gov.

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correo postal:

U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; o'

fax:

(833) 256-1665 o' (202) 690-7442;

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## Glossary:

Extended School Day – the time during, before and after school that includes activities such as clubs, intramural sports, band and choir practice, drama rehearsals and more.

School Campus - areas that are owned or leased by the school and used at any time for school-related activities, including on the outside of the school building, school buses or other vehicles used to transport students, athletic fields and stadiums (e.g., on scoreboards, coolers, cups, and water bottles), or parking lots.



**School Day** – the time between midnight the night before to 30 minutes after the end of the instructional day.

**Triennial** – recurring every three years.

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AAI's Wellness Policy was modeled after the **ALLIANCE FOR A HEALTHIER GENERATION WELLNESS POLICY (**Updated 9/2016 to Reflect the USDA Final Rule). Students, parents, and the School community were involved in developing these procedures.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Bradley, B, Green, AC. Do Health and Education Agencies in the United States Share Responsibility for Academic Achievement and Health? A Review of 25 years of Evidence About the Relationship of Adolescents' Academic Achievement and Health Behaviors, Journal of Adolescent Health. 2013; 52(5):523–532.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Meyers AF, Sampson AE, Weitzman M, Rogers BL, Kayne H. School breakfast program and school performance. American Journal of Diseases of Children. 1989;143(10):1234–1239.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Murphy JM. Breakfast and learning: an updated review. Current Nutrition & Food Science. 2007; 3:3–36.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Murphy JM, Pagano ME, Nachmani J, Sperling P, Kane S, Kleinman RE. The relationship of school breakfast to psychosocial and academic functioning: Cross-sectional and longitudinal observations in an inner-city school sample. Archives of Pediatrics and Adolescent Medicine. 1998;152(9):899–907.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Pollitt E, Mathews R. Breakfast and cognition: an integrative summary. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition. 1998; 67(4), 8045–813S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Rampersaud GC, Pereira MA, Girard BL, Adams J, Metzl JD. Breakfast habits, nutritional status, body weight, and academic performance in children and adolescents. Journal of the American Dietetic Association. 2005;105(5):743–760, quiz 761–762.

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